

# PAN

**PANCREA'TICK**. *adj.* [from *pancreas*.] Contained in the pancreas. In man and viviparous quadrupeds, the food moistened with the saliva is first chewed, then swallowed into the stomach, and so evacuated into the intestines, where being mixed with the choler and pancreatic juice, it is further subtilized, and easily finds its way in at the freight orifices of the lacteous veins. *Ray on the Creation.*

The bile is so acrid, that nature has furnished the pancreatic juice to temper its bitterness. *Arbutnot.*

**PAN'CY.** *n. f.* [corrupted, I suppose, from *panacea*, *panacea*.] A flower: a kind of violet.

The daughters of the flood have search'd the mead  
For violets pale, and cropp'd the poppy's head;  
Pancies to please the fight, and cassia sweet to smell. *Dryd.*

The real essence of gold is as impossible for us to know, as for a blind man to tell in what flower the colour of a pansy is, or is not to be found, whilst he has no idea of the colour of a pansy. *Locke.*

**PANDECT.** *n. f.* [*pandectæ*, Latin.]

1. A treatise that comprehends the whole of any science. It were to be wished, that the commons would form a pandect of their power and privileges, to be confirmed by the entire legislative authority. *Swift.*

2. The digest of the civil law.

**PANDE'CK.** *adj.* [*πᾶς* and *δύσος*.] Incident to a whole people.

Those instances bring a consumption, under the notion of a pandemick or endemick, or rather vernacular disease to England. *Harvey on Consumptions.*

**PAN'DER.** *n. f.* [This word is derived from *Pandarus*, the pimp in the story of *Trilus* and *Cressida*; it was therefore originally written *pandar*, till its etymology was forgotten.] A pimp; a male bawd; a procurer.

Let him with his cap in hand,  
Like a bawd *pander*, hold the chamber door  
Whilst by a slave  
His fairest daughter is contaminated. *Shakep. Hen. V.*

If thou fear to strike, and to make me certain it is done, thou art the *pander* to her dishonour, and equally to me dishonour. *Shakep. Cymbeline.*

If ever you prove false to one another, since I have taken such pains to bring you together, let all pitiful goers-between be call'd *panders* after my name. *Shakep. Troil and Cressida.*

Camillo was his help in this, his *pander*,  
There is a plot against my life. *Shakep. Wint. Tale.*

The sons of happy Punks, the *pander's* heir,  
Are privileged  
To clap the first, and rule the theatre. *Dryden.*

Thou hast confest'd thyself the conscious *pander*  
Of that pretended passion;  
A single witness infamously known,  
Against two persons of unquestion'd fame. *Dryden.*

My obedient honesty was made  
The *pander* to thy lust and black ambition. *Rowe.*

**TO PAN'DER.** *v. a.* [from the noun.] To pimp; to be subservient to lust or passion.

Proclaim no flame,  
When the compulsive ardour gives the charge,  
Since first itself as actively doth burn,  
And reason *panders* will. *Shakep. Hamlet.*

**PAN'DERLY.** *adj.* [from *pander*.] Pimping; pimplike.

Oh you *panderly* rascals! there's a conspiracy against me. *Shakep. Merry Wives of Windsor.*

**PANDICULATION.** *n. f.* [*pandiculans*, Latin.] The restlessness, stretching, and uneasiness that usually accompany the cold fits of an intermitting fever.

Windy spirits, for want of a due volatilization, produce in the nerves a *pandiculation*, or oscitation, or stupor, or cramp in the muscles. *Fleyer on the Humours.*

**PANE.** *n. f.* [*paneau*, French.]

1. A square of glass.

The letters appear'd reverse thro' the *pane*,  
But in Stella's bright eyes they were plac'd right again. *Sw.*

The face of Eleanor owes more to that single *pane* than to all the glasses the ever consulted. *Pope's Letters.*

2. A piece mixed in variegated works with other pieces.

Him all repute  
For his device in handfoming a suit,  
To judge of lace, pink, *panes*, print, and plait,  
Of all the court to have the best conceit. *Donne.*

**PANEGY'RICK.** *n. f.* [*panegyrique*, Fr. *πανηγυρικός*.] An eulogy; an encomiastick piece.

The Athenians met at the sepulchres of those who were slain at Marathon, and there made *panegyrics* upon them. *Stillington.*

That which is a satire to other men must be a *panegyrick* to your lordship. *Dryden.*

As he continues the exercises of these eminent virtues, he may be one of the greatest men that our age has bred; and leave materials for a *panegyrick*, not unworthy the pen of some future Pliny. *Prior.*

# PAN

**PANEGY'RIST.** *n. f.* [from *panegyricus*; *panegyriste*, Fr.] One that writes praise; encomiast.

Add these few lines out of a far more ancient *panegyrist* in the time of Constantine the great.

**PAN'EL.** *n. f.* [*panellum*, law Latin; *paneau*, French.]

1. A square, or piece of any matter inferted between other bodies.

The chariot was all of cedar, fave that the fore end had *panels* of sapphires, set in borders of gold. *Bacon.*

Maximilian, his whole history is digested into twenty-four square *panels* of sculpture in bas relief. *Addison's Italy.*

This fellow will join you together as they join waincoat; then one of you will prove a shrunk *panel*, and, like green timber, warp. *Shakep. As you like it.*

A bungler thus, who scarce the nail can hit,  
With driving wrong will make the *panel* split. *Swift.*

He gave the *panel* to the maid. *Prior.*

2. [*Panel*, *panellum*, Lat. of the French, *panne*, id est, *pellis* or *panneau*, a piece or pane in English.] A schedule or roll, containing the names of such jurors, as the sheriff provides to pass upon a trial. And empanelling a jury, is nothing but the entering them into the sheriff's roll or book. *Cowd.*

Then twelve of such are indifferent, and are returned upon the principal *panel*, or the tales, are sworn to try the same, according to evidence. *Hale's Hist. of England.*

**PANG.** *n. f.* [either from *pain*, or *bang*, Dutch, uneasy.] Extreme pain; sudden paroxysm of torment.

Say, that some lady  
Hath for your love as great a *pang* of heart,  
As you have for Olivia. *Shakep. Twelfth Night.*

See how the *pangs* of death do make him grin! *Shak.*

Suit rance made  
Almost each *pang* a death. *Shakep. Hen. VIII.*

Earth trembl'd from her entrails, as again  
In *pangs*; and nature gave a second groan. *Milt. Par. Lost.*

Junio pitying her diabolous fate,  
Sends Iris down, her *pangs* to mitigate. *Denham.*

My son advance  
Still in new impudence, new ignorance.  
Success let others teach, learn thou from me  
*Pangs* without birth, and fruitless industry. *Dryden.*

I will give way  
To all the *pangs* and fury of despair. *Addison.*

I saw the hoary traitor  
Grin in the *pangs* of death, and bite the ground. *Addison.*

Ah! come not, write not, think not once of me,  
Nor share one *pang* of all I felt for thee. *Pope.*

**TO PANG.** *v. a.* [from the noun.] To torment cruelly.

If fortune divorce  
It from the bearer; 'tis a full rance *panging*,  
As foul and bodies parting. *Shakep.*

I grieve myself  
To think, when thou shalt be disfig'd by her,  
Whom now thou tist on, how thy memory  
Will then be *pang'd* by me. *Shakep.*

**PAN'ICK.** *adj.* [from *pan*, groundless fears being supposed to be sent by *pan*.] Violent without cause.

The sudden stir and *panick* fear, when chatecleer was carried away by reynard. *Camden's Remains.*

Which many respect to be but a *panick* terror, and men do fear, they justly know not what. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*

I left the city in a *panick* fright;  
Lions they are in council, lambs in fight. *Dryden.*

**PAN'NADE.** *n. f.* The curvet of a horse.

**PAN'NEL.** *n. f.* [*pannel*, Dutch; *panneau*, French.] A kind of rustic faddle.

A *pannel* and wanty, pack-faddle and ped,  
With line to fetch litter, and halters for hed.  
His strutting ribs on both sides show'd,  
Like furrows he himself had plow'd;  
For underneath the skirt of *pannel*,  
'Twixt every two there was a channel. *Hudibras.*

**PAN'NLE.** *n. f.* The stomach of a hawk.

**PAN'NNICLE.** *n. f.* A plant.

The *pannicle* is a plant of the millet kind, differing from that, by the disposition of the flowers and seeds, which, of this, grow in a clove thick spike: It is sowed in several parts of Europe, in the fields, as corn for the sustenance of the inhabitants; it is frequently used in particular places of Germany to make bread. *Miller.*

September is drawn with a cheerful countenance; in his left hand a handful of millet, oats, and *pannicle*. *Peacham.*

*Pannick* affords a soft demulent nourishment. *Arbutnot.*

**PANN'ER.** *n. f.* [*panier*, French.] A basket; a wicker vessel, in which fruit, or other things, are carried on a horse.

The wortless brute  
Turns a mill, or drags a loaded life, *Dryden.*

Beneath two *panniers*, and a baker's wife,  
We have reliev'd to take away their whole club in a pair of *panniers*, and imprison them in a cupboard. *Addison.*

# PAP

**PANO'PLY.** *n. f.* [*πανοπλία*.] Complete armour.

In arms they stood  
Of golden *panoply*, resplendent host!  
Soon banded. *Milton's Paradise Lost.*

We had need to take the christian *panoply*, to put on the whole armour of God. *Ray on the Creation.*

**TO PANT.** *v. n.* [*panteler*, old French.]

1. To palpitate; to beat as the heart in sudden terror, or after hard labour.

Yet might her piteous heart be seen to *pant* and quake. *Fairy Queen.*

Below the bottom of the great abyss,  
There where one centre reconciles all things,  
The world's profound heart pants. *Crahaev.*

If I am to lose by fight the soft *pantings*, which I have always felt, when I heard your voice, pull out these eyes before they lead me to be ungrateful. *Tatler.*

2. To have the breast heaving, as for want of breath.

Pluto pants for breath from out his cell,  
And opens wide the grinning jaws of hell. *Dryden.*

3. To play with intermission.

The whist'ring breeze  
Pants on the leaves, and dies upon the trees. *Pope.*

4. To long; to wish earnestly.

They *pant* after the dust of the earth, on the head of the poor. *Amos ii. 7.*

Who pants for glory, finds but short repose,  
A breath revives him, and a breath o'erthrows. *Pope.*

**PANT.** *n. f.* [from the verb.] Palpitation; motion of the heart.

Leap thou, attire and all,  
Through proof of harness, to my heart, and there  
Ride on the *pants* triumphing. *Shakep.*

**PANTALON.** *n. f.* [*pantalon*, French.] A man's garment anciently worn, in which the breeches and stockings were all of a piece.

The sixth age shifts  
Into the lean and slipper'd *pantalon*,  
With spectacles on nose, and pouch on side.  
The French we conquer'd once,  
Now give us laws for *pantalons*,  
The length of breeches and the gathers. *Hudibras.*

**PANTESS.** *n. f.* The difficulty of breathing in a hawk. *Ains.*

**PANTHE'ON.** *n. f.* [*πανθεών*.] A temple of all the gods.

**PANTHER.** *n. f.* [*πανθήρ*, *panthera*, Lat. *panthera*, Fr.] A spotted wild beast; a lynx; a pard.

An it please your majesty,  
To hunt the *panther* and the hart with me,  
With horn and hound. *Shakep.*

Pan, or the universal, is painted with a goat's face, about his shoulders a *panther's* skin. *Peacham.*

The *panther's* speckled hide,  
Flow'd o'er his armour with an easy pride. *Pope.*

**PANTILE.** *n. f.* A gutter tile.

**PANTINGLY.** *adv.* [from *panting*.] With palpitation.

She heav'd the name of father  
Pantingly forth, as if it prest her heart. *Shakep.*

**PANTLER.** *n. f.* [*pantier*, French.] The officer in a great family, who keeps the bread. *Hammer.*

When my old wife liv'd,  
She was both *pantler*, butler, cook. *Shakep.*

He would have made a good *pantler*, he would have chipped bread well. *Shakep. Henry IV.*

**PANTOFLE.** *n. f.* [*pantofle*, French; *pantofola*, Italian.] A slipper.

Melpomene has on her feet, her high cothurn or tragick *pantofles* of red velvet and gold, beset with pearls. *Peacham.*

**PANTOMIME.** *n. f.* [*πᾶς* and *μῖμος*; *pantomime*, Fr.]

1. One who has the power of universal mimicry; one who expresses his meaning by mute action; a buffoon.

Not that I think those *pantomimes*,  
Who vary action with the times,  
Are less ingenious in their art,  
Than those who duly act one part. *Hudibras.*

2. A scene; a tale exhibited only in gesture and dumb-show.

He put off the representation of *pantomimes* till late hours, on market-days.

Exulting folly hail'd the joyful day,  
And *pantomime* and song confirm'd her sway. *Anon.*

**PANTON.** *n. f.* A shoe contrived to recover a narrow and hoof-bound heel. *Farrier's Dict.*

**PANTRY.** *n. f.* [*panterie*, Fr. *panarium*, Lat.] The room in which provisions are reposit.

The Italian artizans distribute the kitchen, *pantry*, bake-house under ground. *Wotton's Architect.*

What work would they make in the *pantry* and the larder. *L'Etrange.*

He shuts himself up in the *pantry* with an old gipsy, once in a twelvemonth. *Addison's Spect.*

**PAP.** *n. f.* [*papa*, Italian; *pappe*, Dutch; *papilla*, Latin.]

1. The nipple; the dug sucked.

Some were so from their source endu'd,  
By great dame nature, from whose fruitful *pap*,  
Their well-heads spring. *Fairy Queen.*

# PAP

Out sword, and wound  
The *pap* of Pyramus.  
Ay, that left *pap*, where heart doth hop;  
Thus die I. *Shakep. Midsummer Night's Dream.*

An infant making to the *paps* would press,  
And meets instead of milk, a falling tear. *Dryden.*

In weaning young creatures, the best way is never to let them suck the *paps*. *Ray on the Creation.*

That Timothy Trim, and Jack were the same person, was proved particularly by a mole under the left *pap*. *Arbutnot.*

2. Food made for infants, with bread boiled in water.

Sleep then a little, *pap* content is making. *Sidney.*

The noble foul by age grows lustier;  
We must not starve, nor hope to pamper her  
With woman's milk and *pap* unto the end. *Donne.*

Let the powder, after it has done boiling, be well beaten up with fair water to the consistence of thin *pap*. *Boyle.*

3. The pulp of fruit.

**PAPA.** *n. f.* [*πάππας*; *papa*, Lat.] A fond name for father, used in many languages.

Where there are little matters and misles in a house, bribe them, that they may not tell tales to *papa* and mamma. *Swift.*

**PAPA'CY.** *n. f.* [*papat*, *papauté*, Fr. from *papa*, the pope.] popedom; office and dignity of bishops of Rome.

Now there is ascended to the *papacy* a personage, that though he loves the chair of the *papacy* well, yet he loveth the carpet above the chair. *Bacon.*

**PAPA'L.** *adj.* [*papal*, French.] Popish; belonging to the pope; annexed to the bishoprick of Rome.

The pope released Philip from the oath, by which he was bound to maintain the privileges of the Netherlands; this *papal* indulgence hath been the cause of so many hundred thousands slain. *Kaleig.*

**PAPA'W.** *n. f.* [*papaya*, low Lat. *papaya*, *papayer*, Fr.]

The *papaw* hath a simple stalk; the flowers are male and female in different plants: the male flowers, which are barren, are tubulous, consisting of one leaf, and expand in form of a star: the female flowers consist of several leaves, which expand in form of a rose, out of whose flower-cup rises the pointal, which afterwards becomes fleshy fruit, shaped like a cucumber or melon. *Miller.*

The fair *papaw*,  
Now but a seed, preventing nature's law,  
In half the circle of the hasty year,  
Projects a shade, and lovely fruits does wear. *Waller.*

**PAPA'VEROUS.** *adj.* [*papaverous*, from *papaver*, Lat. a poppy.] Resembling poppies.

Mandrakes afford a *papaverous* and unpleasant odour, whether in the leaf or apple. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*

**PAP'ER.** *n. f.* [*papier*, French; *papyrus*, Latin.]

1. Substance on which men write and print; made by macerating linen rags in water, and then spreading them in thin sheets.

I have seen her unlock her closet, take forth *paper*. *Shakep.*

2. Piece of paper.

'Tis as impossible to draw regular characters on a trembling mind, as on a shaking *paper*. *Locke on Education.*

3. Single sheet printed, or written. It is used particularly of essays or journals, or any thing printed on a sheet. [*Feuille volante*.]

What see you in those *papers*, that you lose  
So much complexion? look ye how they change!  
Their cheeks are *paper*. *Shakep. Hen. V.*

Nothing is of more credit or request, than a petulant *paper*, or scoffing verses.

They brought a *paper* to me to be sign'd.  
Do the prints and *papers* lie? *Dryden.*

**PAP'ER.** *adj.* Any thing slight or thin.

There is but a thin *paper* wall between great discoveries and a perfect ignorance of them. *Burnet.*

**TO PAP'ER.** *v. a.* [from the noun.] To register.

He makes up the file  
Of all the gentry: and his own letter  
Must fetch in him he *papers*. *Shakep. Hen. VIII.*

**PAP'ERMAKER.** *n. f.* [*paper* and *make*.] One who makes paper.

**PAP'ERMILL.** *n. f.* [*paper* and *mill*.] A mill in which rags are ground for paper.

Thou hast caus'd printing to be used; and contrary to the king, and his dignity, thou hast built a *paper-mill*. *Shakep.*

**PAPESCENT.** *adj.* Containing *pap*; inclinable to *pap*.

Demulcent, and of easy digestion, moistening and resolvent of the bile, are vegetable sopes; as honey, and the juices of ripe fruits, some of the cooling, lactescent, *papescent* plants; as cichory and lettuce. *Arbutnot on Aliments.*

**PAP'ILLIO.** *n. f.* [*papillon*, Fr.] A butterfly; a moth of various colours.

Conjecture cannot estimate all the kinds of *papillos*, natives of this island, to fall short of three hundred. *Ray.*

**PAPILIONA'CEOUS.** *adj.* [from *papilio*, Latin.]

The flowers of some plants are called *papilionaceous* by botanists, which represent something of the figure of a butterfly, with its wings displayed: and here the petals, or flower leaves, are always of a diform figure: they are four in number, but joined together at the extremities; one of these is usually larger than the rest, and is erected in the middle of the flower, and